

American University of Beirut

MATH 202

Differential Equations

Spring 2007

Final Exam

Name:

ID #:

circle your section please: **13 (T 11)** **14 (T 12:30)** **15 (T 2)** **16 (T 9:30)**

1. (10 points) Find the general solution of

$$y^{(4)} - y = e^x$$

2. (15 points) Use a power series centered at the point $x = 0$ to find the general solution of:

$$(1 + x^3)y'' - 6xy = 0$$

(simplify the recurrence as much as possible before solving for c_0, c_1, \dots)

3. (15 points) Find a) $\mathcal{L}\{(3t + 1)\mathcal{U}(t - 1)\}$ b) $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2(s - 1)}\right\}$ c) $\mathcal{L}\left\{t \int_0^t \tau e^{-\tau} d\tau\right\}$

4. a. (6 points) Use the substitution $x = e^t$ to solve the following differential equation in terms of Bessel functions:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \left(e^{2t} - \frac{1}{4}\right)y = 0$$

b. (4 points) express your answer in terms of the elementary functions

c. (10 points) Show that $y = \sqrt{x}J_\nu(x)$ is a solution of the differential equation

$$x^2y'' + \left(x^2 - \nu^2 + \frac{1}{4}\right)y = 0$$

5. (15 points) Use the Laplace transform to solve the following DE:

$$y' + y = f(t), \quad y(0) = 5$$

$$\text{where } f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq t < \pi \\ 3 \cos t & t \geq \pi \end{cases}$$

6. (15 points) Use a generalized (i.e. Frobenius) power series of the form $y = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} c_n x^{n+r}$ to find **ONE** solution of

$$3x^2y'' + 2xy' - xy = 0$$

corresponding to the **LARGER** indicial roots

7. (10 points) Find the general solution of the given system

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = x + 2y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 4x + 3y \end{cases}$$